	GAN ENG SENG SCHOOL End-of-Year Examination 2015	G.C.S.S	
CANDIDATE NAME			
CLASS			

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 2 Comprehension

Sec 3 Express

Candidates answer on the Question Booklet. Additional Materials: Insert

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your index number and name on all the work you hand in. Write in dark blue or black pen on both sides of the paper. Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

Answer all questions.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in the Question Booklet.

The Insert contains the texts for all the sections.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

For Examiner's Use	
Section A	15
Section B	/ 20
Section C	/ 10
Section C	/ 15
Total	/ 50

1128/02

29 September 2015 1 hour 50 minutes

This document consists of 10 printed pages.

English Language and Literature Department



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Section A [5 marks]

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Text 1

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Refer to the poster (Text 1) on page 2 of the Insert for Questions 1-4.

		For Examiner's Use
1 . 	The advertisement begins with the statement "It's not just a cow". What does it suggest about the direct impact of the cow on families.	
 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a.
2	What is the long-term impact of the cow on the family and the community?	
3	What is the indirect agreement between Heifer International and the family that receives the cow?	
	·	
4	Which sentence gives the main purpose of the advertisement?	
	[1]	
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Τ.	Section B [20 marks]		
	ext 2 offer to Text 2 on page 3 of the Insert for Questions 5-12.		
	iter to rext 2 on page 5 of the insert for questions 5-12,	For Examiner's Use	
5	In paragraph 1, how did the landing of the Thing appear to be like a falling star?	· · · · ·	
			۰.
			× , * ,
6	In paragraph 2 "Many people in Berkshire, Surrey, and Middlesex must have seen the fall of it, and, at most, have thought that another meteorite had descended. No one seems to have troubled to look for the fallen mass that night."		
(i)	Which word suggests that it is not the first time the people might have seen a meteorite?		•
		**	
(ii)	How did the people react to meteorite or The Thing?		
	[1]		
7	In paragraph 3, Ogilvy discovered The Thing in the morning. What was the impact of The Thing on the town and its surroundings?		
	[3]		

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8 In paragraph 4, Ogilvy was surprised by certain features of The Thing. Identify details from the text that corresponds with these features. One example has been done for you.

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Features of The Thing	Details from the passage
Size	Diameter of about thirty yards
Shape	
Colour	
	[2]
Ogilvy was "dimly (line 30). What do	y perceiving even then some evidence of design in its arrival bes this suggest about The Thing's landing?
	• [1]
In paragraph 5, (Dgilvy was alone. Explain how the language used makes the
atmosphere seem	o very quiet.
amosphere seem	s with three details from paragraph 5.
amosphere seem	i very quiet.
amosphere seem	s with three details from paragraph 5.
Support your idea	s with three details from paragraph 5.
Support your idea	s with three details from paragraph 5.
Support your idea	s with three details from paragraph 5.

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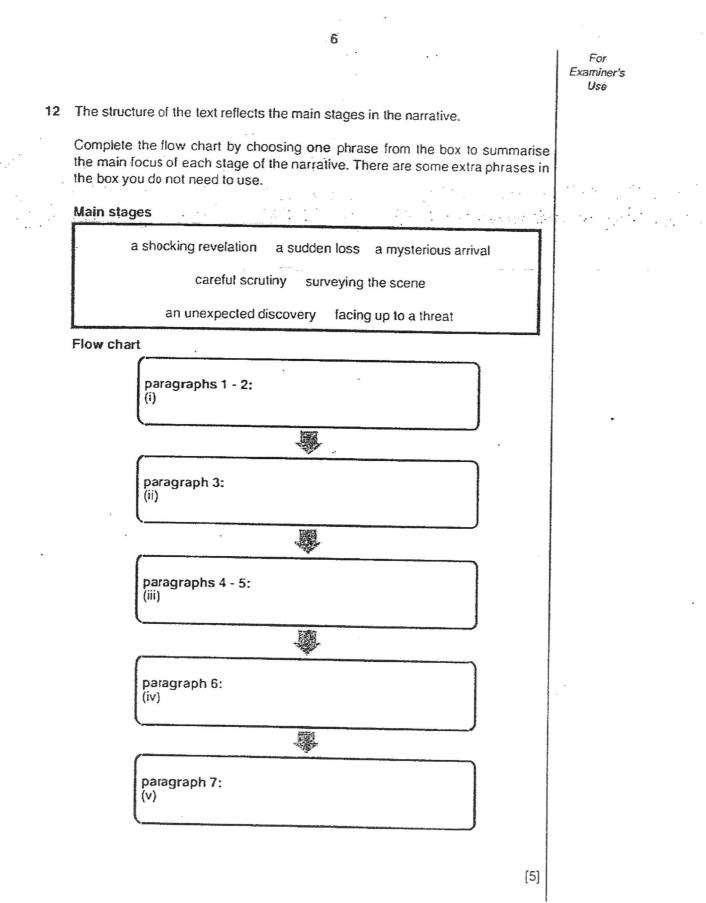
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11 In paragraph 6, the surface of The Thing was "dropping off in flakes and pouring down upon the sand. A large piece suddenly came off and fell with a sharp noise that brought his heart into his mouth".
(i) What does "pouring down" suggest about the movement of The Thing?
(ii) What does the phrase "brought his heart into his mouth" suggest about Ogilvy's state of mind? [1]

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Section C [25 marks]

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	er to Text 3 on page 5 of the Insert for Questions 13-18.	For Examiner's Use
13	From paragraph 1, what is the function of the "Social Web"? [2]	
		100 00 000 000 0 00 0
14	What is the opinion of local and foreign countries with regards to social media, according to lines 5-6? Answer in your own words. [2]	
	•	
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		, t
15	Explain how Singapore continues to "maintain its edge in our networked world" (lines 13-14). [2]	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
16	In paragraph 3, what is one drawback to Singapore's social media usage? [1]	

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17 Here is a part of a conversation between two students, Yasmin and Wallace who have read the article.

Singapore and Japan have similar attitudes towards No, the two countries are social media. vastly different! Wallace asmin Identify two reasons from paragraph 3 that Wallace can give to support his (i) view. [2] (ii) How would Yasmin explain her position with reference to paragraph 3? [1]

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CLASS		IDEX UMBER
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that count measures Use only Your sum	information from paragraphs 4 to 6. mary must be in continuous writing (not note form). It must no	neasures
	in 80 words (not counting the words given to help you begin).	
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	GAN ENG SENG SCHOOL End-of-Year Examination 2015	G.C.S.S
CANDIDATE NAME		
CLASS		INDEX NUMBER

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 2 Comprehension

Sec 3 Express

Insert

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

This Insert contains Text 1, Text 2 and Text 3.

This document consists of 6 printed pages.

English Language and Literature Department



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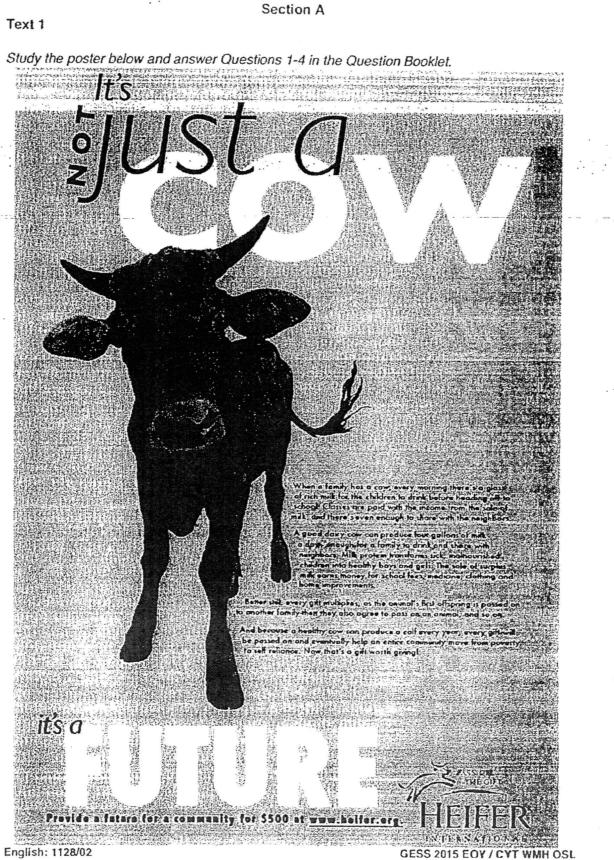
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Section B

3

The text below is about the sighting of a mysterious object, referred to as The Thing. Read it carefully and answer Questions 5-12 in the Question Booklet.

- Then came the night of the first falling star. It was seen early in the morning, rushing 1 over Winchester eastward, a line of flame high in the atmosphere. Hundreds must have seen it, and taken it for an ordinary falling star. Albin described it as leaving a greenish streak behind it that glowed for some seconds. Denning, our greatest authority on meteorites, stated that the height of its first appearance was about ninety or one hundred miles. It seemed to him that it fell to earth about one hundred miles east of him.
- Some of those who saw its flight say it travelled with a hissing sound. I myself heard 2 nothing of that. Many people in Berkshire, Surrey, and Middlesex must have seen the fall of it, and, at most, have thought that another meteorite had descended. No one seems to have troubled to look for the fallen mass that night.
- 3 But very early in the morning poor Ogilvy, who had seen the shooting star and who was persuaded that a meteorite lay somewhere on the common between Horsell, Ottershaw, and Woking, rose early with the idea of finding it. Find it he did, soon after dawn, and not far from the sand pits. An enormous hole had been made by the impact of the projectile, and the sand and gravel had been flung violently in every direction over the heath, forming heaps visible a mile and a half away. The heather was on fire eastward, and a thin blue smoke rose against the dawn.
- 4 The Thing itself lay almost entirely buried in sand, amidst the scattered splinters of a fir tree it had shivered to fragments in its descent. The uncovered part had the appearance of a huge cylinder, caked over and its outline softened by a thick scaly dun-coloured incrustation. It had a diameter of about thirty yards. He approached the mass, surprised at the size and more so at the shape, since most meteorites are rounded more or less completely. It was, however, still so hot from its flight through the air as to forbid his near approach. A stirring noise within its cylinder he ascribed 25 to the unequal cooling of its surface; for at that time it had not occurred to him that it might be hollow.
- 5 He remained standing at the edge of the pit that the Thing had made for itself, staring at its strange appearance, astonished chiefly at its unusual shape and colour, and dimly perceiving even then some evidence of design in its arrival. The 30 early morning was wonderfully still, and the sun, just clearing the pine trees towards Weybridge, was already warm. He did not remember hearing any birds that morning, there was certainly no breeze stirring, and the only sounds were the faint movements from within the cindery cylinder. He was all alone on the common.
- 6 Then suddenly he noticed with a start that some of the grey clinker, the ashy 35 incrustation that covered the meteorite, was falling off the circular edge of the end. It was dropping off in flakes and pouring down upon the sand. A large piece suddenly came off and fell with a sharp noise that brought his heart into his mouth.

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Text 2

7 For a minute he scarcely realised what this meant, and then he perceived that, very slowly, the circular top of the cylinder was rotating on its body. It was such a gradual movement that he discovered it only through noticing that a black mark that had been near him five minutes ago was now at the other side of the circumference. Even then he scarcely understood what this indicated, until he heard a muffled grating sound and saw the black mark jerk forward an inch or so. Then the thing came upon him in a flash. The cylinder was artificial—hollow—with an end that screwed out! Something within the cylinder was unscrewing the top! "Good heavens!" said Ogilvy. "There's a man in it— men in it! Half roasted to death! Trying to escape!"

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Section C

Text 3

The article below is about social media usage. Read it carefully and answer Questions 13-18 in the Question Booklet.

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1 The Internet has, since its advent in the mid-90s, transformed the dynamics of work, life and play. Today, the recreation of offline experiences in an online environment sees the rise of what is known as the Social Web – a myriad of digital tools and platforms that connects people to information, resources and one another – what we otherwise recognise as social media. We examine the differences of how local and foreign players manage this novel and extensive intertwining.

2 Compared to Japan, Singapore has a visibly higher percentage of social media penetration and sharing. From the utilisation of *The Real Singapore* to raise criticism of society to the satirising of uniquely local traits on YouTube channels like *Wahbanana*, it is apparent that Singaporeans perpetually live online. This behaviour is 10 made even easier through a telecommunications infrastructure that is Asia's best. Singapore's aspiration towards global recognition precisely informs the need for extensive interconnectivity and a technologically savvy population to maintain its edge in our networked world.

3 Singapore and Japan are similar in many ways, from the ambitious advancement of 15 being a technological hub in the world to the cultural commonality of being Asian. Yet, the average Japanese spends a mere 45 minutes on social media daily. This may be due to a Japanese culture that places great emphasis on astute management of one's inner desires and feelings, and the behaviour and opinions they publicly display. Even in the political arena of Japan, the introduction of the secrecy act in 2013 reflects the 20 strong adherence to a conservative and restrained attitude Japanese adopt in their living. Japan's lag in world social media adoption is also associated with the unchanging ways of a rapidly ageing population. In comparison, while Singapore's economic success is worth lauding, the subtle revelation that Singapore's cultural beliefs may not be strong is unsettling.

In comparison to the United States, Singapore's ranking of internet freedom appears 4 dismal. The disparity may be unsurprising for many - in contrast to the world's bastion of democracy, Singapore has long been criticised for its government's strict regulations on the media, ranking among the worst in Press Freedom indices year after year. This need to regulate the news is undoubtedly reflected on the Internet as 30 well. With a recent online media-licensing scheme issued by the Media Development Authority of Singapore clamping down on the rights of local websites to provide political commentary, it is evident how citizens' space for sensitive debate is curtailed. Yet as internet freedom measured by the Web Index indicates the extent to which citizens enjoy not only their rights to information, opinion, expression, but also safety 35 and privacy online, one should note that in light of recent surveillance revelations in the United States; web safety and privacy have been hugely compromised there. The United States has, in many instances, pressured social media for the release of personal details from Twitter and Google accounts to conduct surveillance activity over its people, in a move that arguably limits Internet freedoms as much as Singapore's government is claimed to have done. 40

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Unlike the United States, Singapore's government does not see the media as the "fourth estate", and seeks to regulate discourse through it, stressing the need for objectivity and not partisanship for reasons of internal stability. Since Singapore's independence, the government's strong hand in establishing institutions for this purpose, has meant its continuing presence in ensuring that the media remain sensitive and constructive especially where the latter has the power to stir inherent tensions that exist through difference. Racial issues remain particularly sensitive in . Singapore's multiracial context, and political stability is important to a nation whose growth has been attributed to the internal dependability of its business environment and political leadership. However, with the increasing extremism of political views 50 voiced online, especially during the 2011 General Elections, the government doubtlessly sees the need to restrict the Internet's influence to maintain the stability so necessary for Singapore's economic progress. Its regulatory policies are yet another attempt to insulate us from such disharmony.

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6 The outcry over online media regulation, especially from those who have turned to 55 alternative media is understandable, given that Singapore government's avoidance of controls over the web have already allowed a vast number of online news sites like The Online Cilizen or The Real Singapore to thrive. Yet one has to admit that these restrictions are also relatively flexible and reasonable, as it largely seeks to protect local online media against external influence.

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Text 1: Adapted from http://www.heiler.org Text 2: Adapted from H.G. Wells; War of the Worlds; 1898 Text 3: Adapted from Charissa Chan, Heidi Mah & Wong Shulian; Confronting Social Media; Broader Perspectives Issue 2, 2014

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END OF PAPER

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	GAN ENG SENG SCHOOL End-of-Year Examination 2015		G.C.S.S
CANDIDATE			
CLASS		INDEX NUMBER	

ENGLISH LANGUAGE

Paper 2 Comprehension

Sec 3 Express

Candidates answer on the Question Booklet. Additional Materials: Insert

ANSWER KEY MAXIMUM MARK: 50

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Section A [5 marks]

2

	Question & Answer	Learning Outcomes & Metacognition
1	The advertisement begins with the statement "It's not just a cow". What does it suggest about the direct impact of the cow on families. [2] The cow gives families a chance to have a stable income / livelihood. [1] The cow is a source of food / nutrition. [1] Provides money for school fees, medicine, clothing and home improvements. [1]	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Make inferences and draw conclusions The Q implicitly suggests that the cow worth more than just an animal, so no need to repeat it.
2	What is the long-term impact of the cow on the family and the community? [1] The cow will help to eradicate poverty in the community [1] / will help the family to become self- reliant [1]. ED: when answer is about school fees	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Scan for details × What is the <u>effect</u> of the statement. The Q is asking for the final outcome.
3	What is the indirect agreement between Heifer International and the family that receives the cow? [1] The family agrees to pass on the gift by giving the animal's first offspring to another family. * Share the gift - vague - must specify what the gift is * Donate \$500 to the family / charge the family \$500	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Interpret and integrate information from a variety of sources Clue: logo
4	Which sentence gives the main purpose of the advertisement? [1] The sentence is "Provide a future for a community for \$500 at <u>www.heifer.org".</u> * No marks for an incomplete sentence	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Identify purpose and audience of texts read or viewed

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Section B [20 marks]

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	Question & Answer	Learning Outcomes & Metacognition	
5	In paragraph 1, how did the landing of the Thing appear to be like a falling star? [2]	R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation – evaluative response	1
	It was described as "a line of flame high in the atmosphere" [1] and "leaving a greenish streak behind it that glowed for some seconds" [1].	Make connections between a text and other points of view / ideas	
-			
6	In paragraph 2 "Many people in Berkshire, Surrey, and Middlesex must have seen the fall of it, and, at most, have thought that another meteorite had descended. No one seems to have troubled to look for the fallen mass that night."		
(i)	Which word suggests that it is not the first time the people might have seen a meteorite? [1]	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Scan for details	
	The word is, "another". [1]		•
(ii)	How did the people react to meteorite or The Thing? [1] They were blase / nonchalant / indifferent: [1] X Calm X Did not bother to look for it / continued with their day (action) X Not surprised / shocked (emotion)	R&V LO4: Reading and viewing literary texts – text response Analyse how characterisation is achieved X What did the people think or do	
7	In paragraph 3, Ogilvy discovered The Thing in the morning. What was the impact of The Thing on the town and its surroundings? [3]	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Summarise ideas	
	An enormous hole had been made by the impact of the projectile of the Thing [1]. The sand and gravel had been flung violently in every direction. The heather was on fire [1]. X Fir tree shivered to fragments (para 4).	Same impact physically on the town and area around it.	

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		Question & Answer	Learning Outcomes & Metacognition
8	The Thing. Id	 Ogilvy was surprised by certain features of entify details from the text that corresponds atures. One example has been done for you. 	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Categorise and classify given details
	Features of The Thing Size Shape Colour	Details from the passage Diameter of about thirty yards Cylinder [1] Dun-coloured [1] * Grey clicker / Ashy	VB LO2: Building and enriching vocabulary Deduce meaning of words from how they are used in context Quote only what is necessary!
9	design in its a The Thing's la	imly perceiving even then some evidence of rrival" (line 30). What does this suggest about nding? [1] hat The Thing's landing had been	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Make inferences to draw conclusions
10	 Ianguage used Support your in "The early suggests "He did not suggests "there way that even "the only within the place way from The 	5, Ogilvy was alone. Explain how the makes the atmosphere seem very quiet. deas with three details from paragraph 5. [3] y morning was wonderfully still" that there was no movement. to remember hearing any birds" that there was no noise from any animal. as certainly no breeze stirring" suggests the wind was not making any sound. sounds were the faint movements from a cindery cylinder" suggests that the s so quiet that the low volume of noise Thing could be heard. n the common" – in the question	R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation – evaluative response Provide and interpret evidence to support understanding R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation – elements of style in a variety of texts Demonstrate understanding of how a writer's style can impact readers' interpretation of a text Must have three different evidences for all three points to show the different POV of the situation.

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	Questi	on & Answer	Learning Outcomes & Metacognition
11	in flakes and pouring o	face of The Thing was "dropping off down upon the sand. A large piece fell with a sharp noise that brought ".	R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation – evaluative response Recognise writers' intentions
(i)	What does "pouring dov of The Thing? [1]	vn" suggests about the movement	VB LO2: Building and enriching vocabulary
	The Thing was moving × vigorously (force) × water flowing – not		Learn the vocabulary of fixed expressions and what they mean
(ii)	What does the phrase " suggests about Ogilvy's	brought his heart into his mouth" state of mind? [1]	There is a reference to the speed of The Thing, not the force.
	He was shocked / frig anxious / nervous / x uptight		
12	The structure of the ten narrative.	ext reflects the main stages in the	R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation – connections
	box to summarise the narrative. There are so	t by choosing one phrase from the main focus of each stage of the me extra phrases in the box you do	Make connections between a text and other points of view / ideas
	not need to use. [5] Main stages: • A shocking revelatio unknown)	ň (surprising & previously	R&V LO4: Reading and viewing literary texts – text response Identify sequence of events
	A sudden lossA mysterious arrival		+ Identify organisational
	 Careful scrutiny[®] Surveying the scene 		structures, text features and language features in texts
	An unexpected disc	overy (find / unearth)	comprising a mixture of
	 Facing up to a threa 	t	forms and types
	Flow chart:	1968 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 - 1979 -	
	paragraphs 1-2 (i)	A mysterious arrival	
	paragraph 3 (ii)	An unexpected discovery	
	paragraphs 4-5 (iii)	Surveying the scene	
	paragraph 6 (iv) paragraph 7 (v)	Careful scrutiny A shocking revelation	
	[palaylapit / (V)	LA SHOCKING LEVELATION	1

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Section C [25 marks]

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13	From paragraph 1, what is the function of the "Social Web"? [2]	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing
	The Social Web connects people to information [1] / resources [1] / to one another [1]. Any two answers. ED: recreation of offline experiences in an online environment x definition of Social Web	Skim for gist / main idea + Scan for details
14	What is the opinion of local and foreign countries with regards to social media, according to lines 5-6? Answer in your own words. [2] Social media is new / different (novel) [1] and far- reaching (extensive intertwining) [1]. × novel = book * different ways of managing social media	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Paraphrase information or ideas using own words
15	Explain how Singapore continues to "maintain its edge in our networked world" (lines 13-14). [2] Singapore can maintain her advantage through extensive interconnectivity / having good technological infrastructure [1] and by having a technologically savvy population [1].	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Select and evaluate relevant information from various sources for defined information needs Give reasons
16	In paragraph 3, what is one drawback to Singapore's social media usage? [1] The high usage of social media may affect the cultural beliefs of Singaporeans. [1]	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Skim for gist / main idea + Scan for details

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Question & Answer

17 Here is a part of a conversation between two students, Yasmin and Wallace who have read the article.

Wallace: Singapore and Japan have similar attitudes towards social media.

Yasmin: No, the two countries are vastly different!

- (i) Identify any two reasons from paragraph 3 that Wallace. can give to support his view. [2]
 - Both countries are technological hubs [1] and have similar Asian cultures [1].
- (ii) How would Yasmin explain her position with reference to paragraph 3? [1]

Unlike Singaporeans, Japanese people are more conservative / restrained [1] / their rapidly ageing population is largely resistant to change [1].

Any one answer.

X cultural belief × 45 mins online

Learning Outcomes & Metacognition R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Compare and contrast ideas + Identify different points of view

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R&V LO3: Critical reading, viewing and appreciation -. evaluative response Evaluate information, recommendation or line of thought based on reasons, consequences and implications Attitude

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18	Using your own words as far as possible, summarise the different measures that countries take to regulate the media and the reasons behind these measures.	R&V LO2: Close reading and viewing Paraphrase information or ideas using own words
	Use only information from paragraphs 4 to 6.	+
	Your summary must be in continuous writing (not note form). It must not be longer than 80 words (not counting the words given to help you begin).	Summarise ideas from one / multiple paragraphs or an extract
	One method used to regulate the media is through	R&V LO4: Reading and viewing literary texts – text
	Measures to regulate media 1 M1 - Media-licensing scheme 2 M2 - Surveillance activity	response Identify and interpret the evidence in arguments
	Reasons behind these measures 3 R1 - Reduce political commentary 4 R2 - Establish objectivity in the media 5 R3 - and internal stability	VB LO3: Using appropriate vocabulary Use words appropriate to: medium and context
	 6 R4 - Ensure that the media remains sensitive / promote tolerance 7 R5 - and constructive 8 R6 - Reduce the media's power to stir inherent tensions / cause disharmony 	
	9 R7 - Social media also impacts the internal dependability of its business environment /	2.7 2. 5
	economic progress 10 R8 - and political leadership 11 R9 - Protect the local media against external influence	

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